# **WEST VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE**

## **2018 REGULAR SESSION**

## **Committee Substitute**

for

# **Senate Bill 443**

By Senators Arvon, Azinger, Cline, Gaunch,

Maynard, Rucker, and Smith

[Originating in the Committee on Health and Human

Resources; Reported on February 21, 2018]

<u>or</u>

A BILL to amend and reenact §49-4-605 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to requiring the department to file a petition to terminate parental rights when parents have not seen child in 18 months from the removal order; and allowing tolling of 18-month period if parent incarcerated, in rehabilitation facility, or on active military duty and stationed or deployed for an extended time.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

### **ARTICLE 4. COURT ACTIONS.**

### §49-4-605. When department efforts to terminate parental rights are required.

- (a) Except as provided in §49-4-605(b) of this section code, the department shall file or join in a petition or otherwise seek a ruling in any pending proceeding to terminate parental rights:
- (1) If a child has been in foster care for 15 of the most recent 22 months as determined by the earlier of the date of the first judicial finding that the child is subjected to abuse or neglect or the date which is 60 days after the child is removed from the home;
- (2) If a court has determined the child is abandoned, tortured, sexually abused, or chronically abused; er
- (3) If a court has determined the parent has committed murder or voluntary manslaughter of another of his or her children, another child in the household, or the other parent of his or her children; has attempted or conspired to commit murder or voluntary manslaughter or has been an accessory before or after the fact of either crime; has committed unlawful or malicious wounding resulting in serious bodily injury to the child or to another of his or her children, another child in the household, or to the other parent of his or her children; has committed sexual assault or sexual abuse of the child, the child's other parent, guardian or custodian, another child of the parent or any other child residing in the same household or under the temporary or permanent custody of the parent; or the parental rights of the parent to another child have been terminated involuntarily;

	(4) If	the parer	nts have	not see	n the child	d for a	cont	inuous	perio	d of 18	mor	nths fro	m the
date of	of the	removal	order.	<u>If multic</u>	lisciplinary	<u>/ team</u>	as	defined	<u>d in</u>	§49-1-2	207 (	<u>of this</u>	code
recom	mends	that it is	approp	riate to t	erminate	parenta	al rig	hts the	cour	t shall	so or	der. Th	ne 18-
month	time p	eriod is to	lled for a	any perio	od of time	a paren	t is ir	ncarcer	ated,	in a rel	nabilit	tation fa	acility,
or is a	n activ	e military	service	member	stationed	d or dep	loye	d for ar	exte	ended t	ime.		

- (b) The department may determine not to file a petition to terminate parental rights when:
- (1) At the option of the department, the child has been placed permanently with a relative by court order;
- (2) The department has documented in the case plan made available for court review a compelling reason, including, but not limited to, the child's age and preference regarding termination or the child's placement in custody of the department based on any proceedings initiated under §49-4-701 et seq. part seven of this article of this code, that filing the petition would not be in the best interests of the child; or
- (3) The department has not provided, when reasonable efforts to return a child to the family are required, the services to the child's family as the department deems necessary for the safe return of the child to the home.

#### JUDICIARY COMMITTEE AMENDMENTS

On pages one and two, section 605, lines 18 through 22, by striking out all of subdivision (4) and inserting in lieu thereof a new subdivision, designated subdivision (4), to read as follows:

(4) If a parent whose child has been removed from the parent's care, custody, and control by an order of removal voluntarily fails to have contact or attempt to have contact with the child for a period of 18 consecutive months: *Provided,* That failure to have, or attempt to have, contact due to being incarcerated, being in a medical or drug treatment facility, or being on active military duty shall not be considered voluntary behavior.

And,

By striking out the title and substituting therefor a new title, to read as follows:

**Eng. Com. Sub. for Senate Bill 443**—A BILL to amend and reenact §49-4-605 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating to requiring the department to file a petition to terminate parental rights when parents have not had contact or attempted contact with a child in 18 consecutive months from the removal order; and creating exceptions thereto.